

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------|
| Manufacturer | Central Petroleum Company, 201 East Lincoln St., Walcott, IA 52773-0116 | | |
| Telephone | 563-284-6221 (M-F: 8:00-3:00 CT) | Fax | 563- 284-5124 |
| Product Name(s) | Cen-Pe-Co Atomic Powered | | |
| Chemical Family | Fuel Additive | CAS Number | Mixture |
| Emergency Contact / Number | CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 | | |

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Hazards

| | |
|--|---|
| Flammable Liquids | Category 3 – Flammable liquid and vapor |
| Aspiration Hazard | Category 1 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways |
| Acute toxicity, inhalation | Category 4 – Harmful if inhaled |
| Sensitization, Skin | Category 1 – May cause an allergic skin reaction |
| Carcinogenicity | Category 2 – Suspected of causing cancer |
| Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure, -respiratory | Category 3 – May cause respiratory irritation |
| -central nervous system | Category 3 – May cause dizziness or drowsiness |

Signal Word DANGER

Precautionary Statements

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/equipment, etc. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing fumes, gas, mist, vapors or spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye and face protection. Use other personal protective equipment as required.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical, or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER or a doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Component Name | CAS# | Component% |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| Solvent and petroleum naphtha* | 64742-95-6, 64742-94-5 | 40 – 70 |
| Propylene glycol monomethyl ether | 107-98-2 | 5 – 15 |
| Alkyl amine | Proprietary | <2 |
| Alkenyl acid | Proprietary | <3 |

* may contain up to 25% trimethylbenzene (various isomers) , 5% naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3), 3% xylenes (CAS 1330-20-70) and 1% cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**Skin Contact**

Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Remove excess from skin and wash with soap and water. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.

Eye Contact

Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention if symptoms persist.

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Restore breathing. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.

Note to Physicians

No specific antidote. Treatment should be directed at controlling the symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Because of the aspiration danger, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water fog and foam. Do not use water jet as it may spread fire. Dry chemical and carbon dioxide for small fires only. Use a water spray to cool fire-exposed containers, structures and to protect personnel.

Special Firefighting Procedures

Clear fire area of unprotected and untrained personnel. Do not enter confined fire space without full equipment and a positive pressure NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus.

Unusual Firefighting Hazards

May produce toxic fumes, gases, and vapors on burning. Vapors may be heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant ignition source and flash back. Containers may rupture upon heating.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal Precautions**

Isolate release area and keep unnecessary or untrained people away. Remove all potential sources of ignition. Take precautions against static discharge. Ventilate spill area. See Section 8 for personal protection gear.

Environmental Precautions

Contain spill if it can be done with minimal risk. Prevent liquid from entering soil, ditches, drains, sewers or waterways. Advise EPA, state or local agencies as required.

Methods for Cleaning Up

Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof means to transfer to labeled, sealable containers for product recovery or safe disposal. Soak up residues with an inert absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**Handling**

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Extinguish all possible ignition sources prior to use and until vapors are gone. Vapors may accumulate and travel to ignition sources distant from handling site and flash back. Use approved bonding and grounding procedures. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. Do not use compressed air when filling, discharging, or handling. Keep containers tightly sealed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Do not take internally. Empty containers may contain residue. Do not cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, spark, or other ignition sources.

Storage

Keep containers in a cool, well-ventilated area. Avoid possible sources of ignition. Keep containers tightly closed. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, and corrosives.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL AND PERSONAL PROTECTION**Exposure Limits**

| Component Name | ACGIH | OSHA |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Solvent naphtha | Not Established | 500 ppm/8hrs |
| Propylene glycol monomethyl ether | 100 ppm (TWA) 150 ppm (STEL) | Not Established |
| Trimethylbenzene* | 25 ppm (TWA) | Not Established |
| Xylene* | 100 ppm (TWA) 150 ppm (STEL) | 100 ppm (PEL) |
| Naphthalene* | 15 ppm (STEL), 10 ppm (skin) | 10 ppm |
| Cumene* | 50 ppm | 50 ppm |

*Contained in variable amounts in petroleum components

Engineering Controls

Use appropriate ventilation to maintain airborne concentration limits below exposure limits. Have eye wash stations and safety showers readily available.

Eye and Face Protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles; use face shield if splashing is possible.

Skin Protection

Wear chemical resistant gloves, if contact is likely. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed.

Respiratory Protection

Use a properly fitted NIOSH respirator in areas where the exposure is unknown or above the OSHA PEL or ACGIH TLV,

General Hygiene

Follow accepted work practices for handling a flammable material. Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where this chemical is used or stored. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after task or shift, when using the restroom or before eating.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--|----------------|
| Appearance/Physical State | Amber liquid | Flash Point (PMCC) | 102 °F / 39 °C |
| Specific Gravity (Water=1) | 0.91 | Upper Flammability Limits | Not Determined |
| Evaporation Rate | Not Determined | Lower Flammability Limits | Not Determined |
| pH | Not Applicable | Auto-ignition Temperature | Not Determined |
| Solubility in Water | Insoluble | Decomposition Temperature | Not Determined |
| Odor | Pungent | Vapor Pressure | Not Determined |
| Odor Threshold | Not Determined | Vapor Density (Air=1) | >1 |
| Melting/Freezing Point | Not Determined | Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not Determined |
| Boiling Range | Not Determined | Viscosity (cSt, 40 °C) | <20.5 |
| Initial Boiling Point | Not Determined | Critical Temperature | Not Determined |

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations and do not fully represent product specifications. Those should be requested separately.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**Stability**

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid high temperatures, sparks, open flames, and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong oxidizing and reducing agents, strong acids and strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition / Byproducts

Combustion products include smoke, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, volatile hydrocarbons and other possibly toxic gases in fire.

Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur.

Polymerization Conditions to Avoid

Not Applicable

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Specific toxicity tests have not been conducted on this mixture. In accordance with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard 1910.1200, this mixture is assumed to have the same health hazards as its significant components.

Eye Contact

Product or product vapors may cause irritation, redness, discomfort, itching, tearing, or blurred vision.

Skin Contact

May cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure can defat the skin, resulting in dryness, dermatitis, and cracking. Prolonged exposure to large amounts of components of this material can cause dizziness and drowsiness.

Ingestion

Ingestion may cause nausea and gastrointestinal irritation. Aspiration into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis and lung damage, possibly leading to death.

Inhalation

Breathing of high vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea, and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness or death. Components may cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Symptoms of irritation include respiratory tract irritation and/or difficulty breathing. Fumes may produce nausea. Continued inhalation exposure may cause unconsciousness or death.

Chronic Effects

Repeated or long term inhalation can cause CNS damage, weight loss, reduced growth rate, congestion in the liver and spleen, changes in blood chemistry, equilibrium disturbances, toxicity to the fetus and blood effects. Components of this mixture can cause it to be a lung sensitizer if the material is heated or misted. Product components have been toxic to fetus in lab animals at maternally toxic levels.

Carcinogenicity

Contains small amounts of naphthalene and cumene which are classified by IARC as Group 2B, possibly carcinogenic to humans. Contains xylene which is classified by IARC as Group 3, not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic organisms with long term adverse effects.

Mobility Not Determined

Degradability Not Determined

Bioaccumulation May possibly bioaccumulate

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Dispose of this product in compliance with all applicable federal, state and local regulations. Empty containers may contain residues.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Proper Shipping Name Combustible liquid

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**TSCA Status**

All components are listed in the TSCA inventory

SARA 311/312 Reporting Categories

Flammable, acute, chronic

SARA 313 Reportable Ingredients

| | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|------|
| 1, 2, 4-trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | <25% |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | <3 |
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | <1 |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | <5 |

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**NFPA Rating** 2-2-0

0=minimal hazard, 1=slight hazard, 2=moderate hazard, 3=severe hazard, 4=extreme hazard

Department Issuing SDS Health and Safety**Disclaimer**

This information has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is accurate to the best of Central Petroleum Company's knowledge; however, the Central Petroleum Company makes no warranty whatsoever, expressed or implied, of merchantability or fitness for particular purpose regarding the accuracy of such data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. The Central Petroleum Company assumes no responsibility for injury to recipient or third persons or for any damage to any property and recipient assumes all such risks.